VAJIRAM & RAVI
Institute for IAS Examination

The Analyst

CURRENT AFFAIRS Handout

26th November 2026



The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Cultivating constitutional morality

CONTEXT: Why democracy requires more than elections, laws and majority rule

Let us consider three situations.

What society or power wants

Majority opinion · Tradition · Political convenience · Immediate interests

Situation 1 — *The majority*

Suppose 90% of people in a society believe that women should not be allowed to enter a particular public institution.

Situation 2 — *Tradition*

Suppose a centuries-old social practice discriminates against people belonging to a particular caste.

Situation 3 — *Political power*

Suppose an elected government believes that a critical institution should be controlled by the ruling party because it would make administration more efficient.



What the Constitution demands

Equality · Liberty · Justice · Dignity · Fairness · Rights



How do you build a modern democratic republic in a society where democratic values are not necessarily practised in everyday social relationships?

What does constitutional morality actually demand?

*Intended to transform the **relationship** between the **individual**, **society** and the **state***



***Circumstances in which Constitution was created*:**

1. Caste hierarchies.
2. Social exclusion.
3. Gender inequality.
4. Religious divisions.
5. Economic inequalities.
6. Illiteracy.
7. Deeply entrenched customs and social prejudices.

*Developing the **mindset** and **conduct** necessary to uphold the Constitution's **values** and **spirit**, **not merely complying with its legal provisions.***

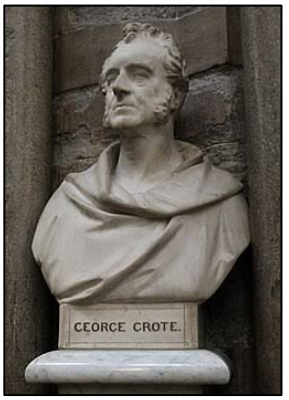
The Analyst Handout
26th November 2026

Cultivating constitutional morality

CONTEXT: Why democracy requires more than elections, laws and majority rule

What does constitutional morality actually demand?

JUSTICE	Dignity
LIBERTY	Tolerance
EQUALITY	Pluralism
FRATERNITY	Restraint
Rule of law	Fairness
Accountability	Democratic participation



Argued that ***constitutional morality must spread throughout society***—not just among the majority

Constitutional morality is not a natural sentiment. It has to be cultivated.

— B.R. Ambedkar, Constituent Assembly, 4 November 1948

Why is this so important in India?

"India had a **contradiction** between **political democracy** and **social democracy**"

Fight "social morality" when needed

Democracy ≠ unrestricted majority rule

Politicisation of institutions + expediency

The Indian Express

Anganwadi in Odisha hired a Dalit cook. Then came boycott from parents

An anganwadi centre in Odisha's Kendrapada district has recorded almost no attendance over the last three months because parents of those...

11 Feb 2026



WEALTH OWNERSHIP AND INEQUALITY IN INDIA : A SOCIO-RELIGIOUS ANALYSIS

THE STUDY COVERED 1,10,800 households in 20 Indian states

22.3% higher caste Hindus own 41 per cent of total wealth

7.8% of Hindu STs own 3.7 per cent of total wealth

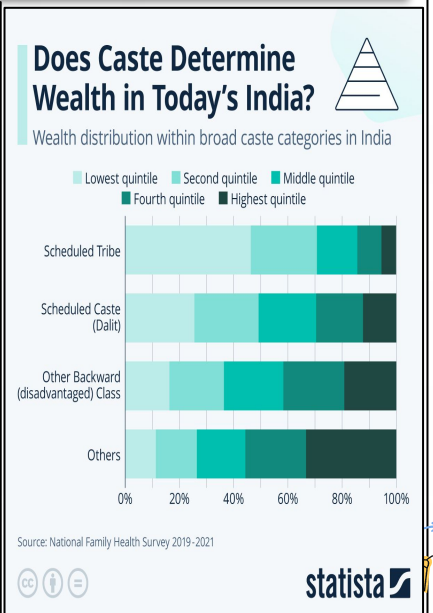
TOP 1 PER CENT of households own 25% of total assets
TOP 5 PER CENT own 46 per cent of total assets
BOTTOM 40 PER CENT own 3.4 per cent of total assets

WEALTHIEST STATES
Maharashtra, UP and Kerala

POOREST STATES
Odisha, Jharkhand, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand

"Caste still continues to determine the level of education, nature of profession and resultant income and assets that an individual will own in this country,"

NITIN TAGADE, LEAD AUTHOR AND ASSISTANT PROFESSOR AT THE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMICS, SPPU.



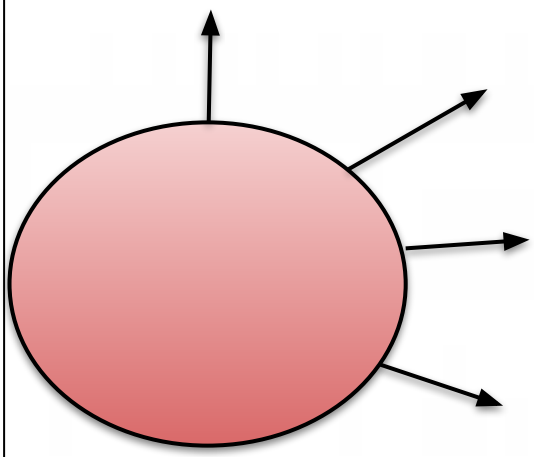
The Analyst Handout
26th November 2026

Cultivating constitutional morality

CONTEXT: Why democracy requires more than elections, laws and majority rule

How has the Supreme Court used constitutional morality?

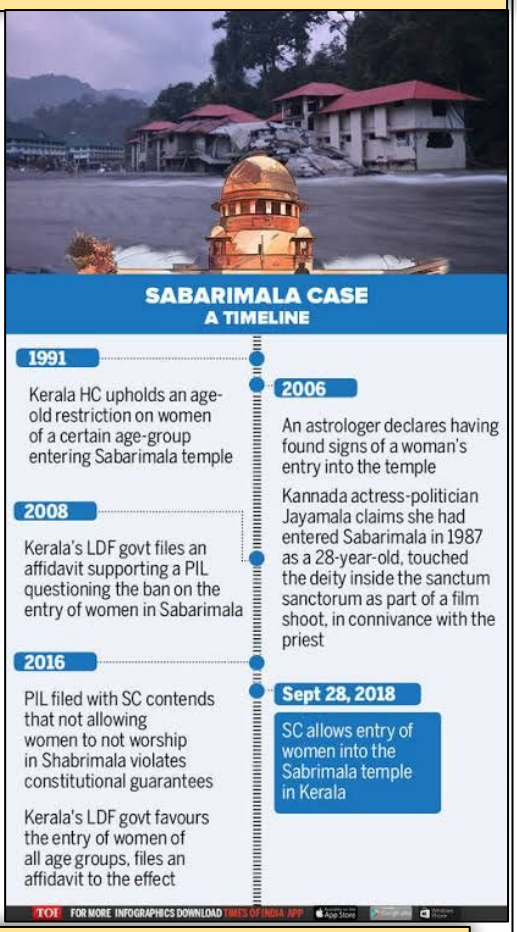
Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala ***(1973)***



K.S. Puttaswamy v. Union of India ***(2017)***

Navtej Singh Johar v. Union of India ***(2018)***

Indian Young Lawyers Association v. State of Kerala ***(2018)***



CM is not only the government's responsibility







What a citizen claims	What constitutional morality requires
"I believe in equality."	**Reject caste discrimination** in daily life
"I support freedom."	**Respect** other people's freedom, even when their choices differ from yours
"I respect religion."	Respect **others' freedom of conscience** and **belief**
"I demand justice."	**Do not deny fairness** when it benefits someone we dislike
"I am patriotic."	**Hold public authorities accountable** without treating criticism as betrayal



The Analyst Handout
26th November 2026

Cultivating constitutional morality

CONTEXT: Why democracy requires more than elections, laws and majority rule

How should constitutional morality be cultivated?

Ambedkar's 3 warnings:

"Hero-worship in politics"
'Political equality without **social equality**"
"Abandoning **constitutional methods**"

LEGISLATURE + EXECUTIVE + JUDICIARY

Constitutional education from an early age

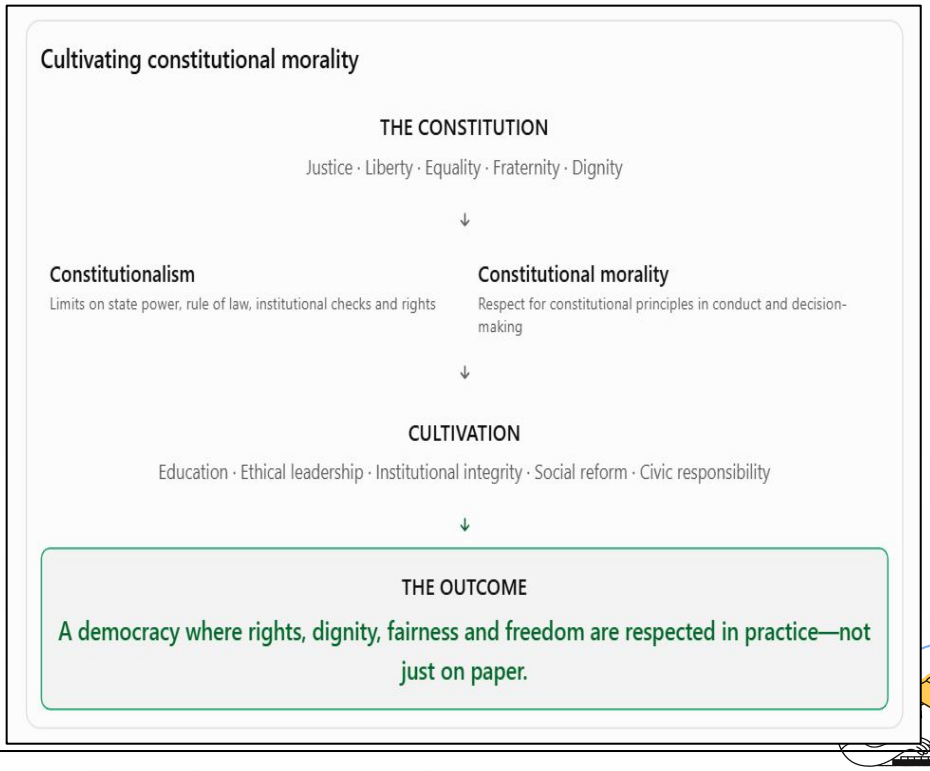
Responsible media and civil society

Ethical leadership

Lack of a single, universally agreed interpretation

Mains Practise Question

Constitutional morality is not merely a restraint on state power but a commitment that must be cultivated among citizens as well. Discuss.
(15 Marks, 250 words)



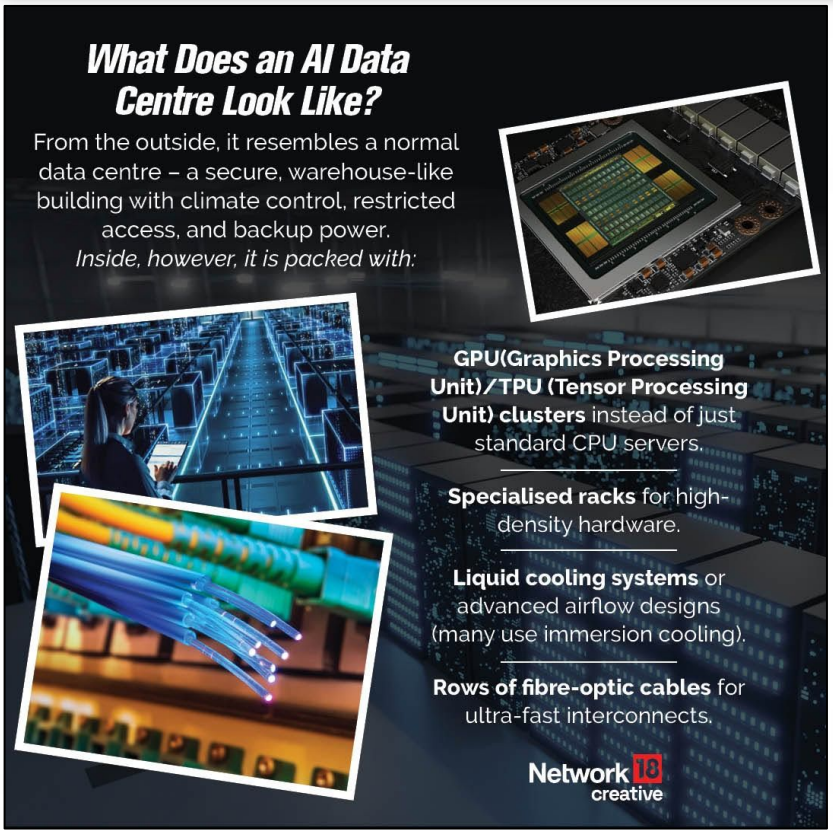
The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

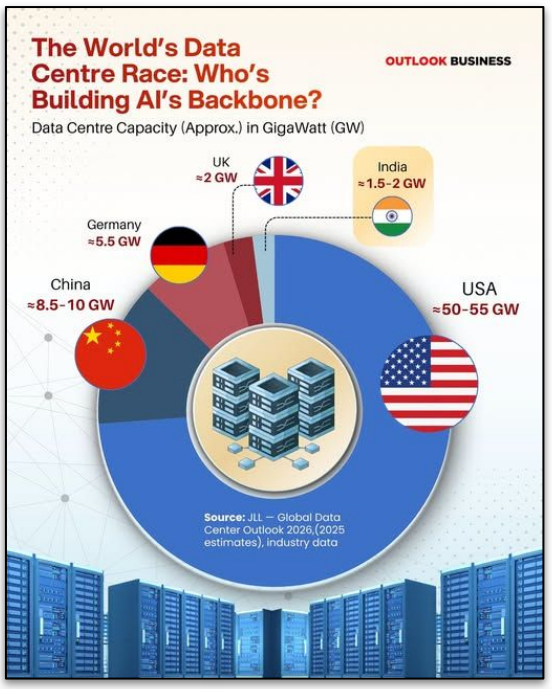
Mind the data centre trap

CONTEXT: A large investment is not the same thing as large domestic economic value creation.

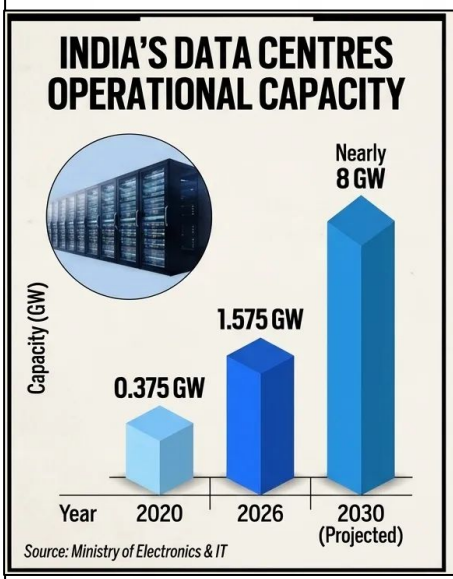
What exactly is an AI data centre?

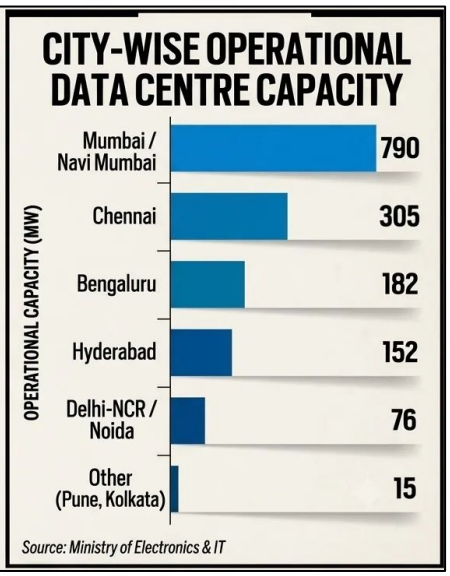


"Factory that manufactures computing power"



India's AI data centres framework





1. ***Infrastructure*** Status
2. 100% Automatic ***FDI***
3. 21-Year ***Tax Holiday*** (Till 2047)
4. ***IndiaAI Mission***
5. ***IndiaAI Compute Portal***
6. ***Semicon*** 2.0
7. ***PLI*** 2.0 for IT Hardware
8. ***Data Localization*** Rules
9. ***Green*** & ***Cooling*** Standards



The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Mind the data centre trap

CONTEXT: A large investment is not the same thing as large domestic economic value creation.

India's AI data centres framework

State & Policy	Key Targets	Major Incentives & AI-Specific Boosters
Gujarat	**7.5 GW** capacity; ₹6 lakh crore investment goal	**₹1/unit power tariff subsidy for 20 years**, 100% electricity duty & SGST reimbursement, 2.5% capital subsidy in Dholera, Essential Service status, and mandatory **51% green power**.
Uttar Pradesh	**2 GW+** capacity; ₹2 lakh+ crore investment	**AI Compute Booster** (up to ₹2 crore/year or ₹10 crore overall for 700+ FP64 units), up to 60% interest subsidy, 25–50% land subsidy, and 10-year electricity duty exemption.
Maharashtra	**20 Integrated Green DC Parks** across the state	**₹1/unit power subsidy** (outside Mumbai Zone I), 100% stamp duty & electricity duty exemptions, and single-window clearance via the Mahiti Portal.
Andhra Pradesh	**1 GW** baseline (6.5 GW MoUs signed)	Tailor-made fiscal packages for projects above 50 MW or ₹5,000 crore, power tariff reimbursements, and a **70% renewable-power** mandate.
Karnataka	**1 GW** IT load (10–12% of India's AI capacity)	Focuses on **liquid/advanced cooling**, water recycling, renewable energy integration, and expanding hubs beyond Bengaluru into **Mysuru and Mangaluru**.
Telangana	**5 GW** hyperscale capacity by 2029	Dedicated dual power grids, green energy open access, and fast-track industrial land allotment around Hyderabad.

Should India welcome every data-centre investment?

DATA CENTRES are all the rage at the moment. Their proliferation in the US has invoked a backlash in many local communities, with 40 of the 41 proposals opposing data centre buildout upheld in the recent midterms. With the Democrats taking control of 30 governorships and 24 state legislatures, expect growing restrictions at the state and local level against data centre buildout, which could induce the latter to migrate from "blue" to "red" states and even consider relocating overseas. President Donald Trump has threatened a large tax for those that do, but that's easier said than done and could easily change if the presidency turns blue in two years.

Capital-intensive investment

200 MW AI data centre = $8 billion = 50–100 people!

India's growth model

1. ***Capital*** *contributed approximately* ***4%*** *points to annual growth.*
2. ***Labour*** *contributed approximately* ***1.7%*** *points.*

Contradiction

- ***India's demographic dividend***
- ***Debate on jobless growth***



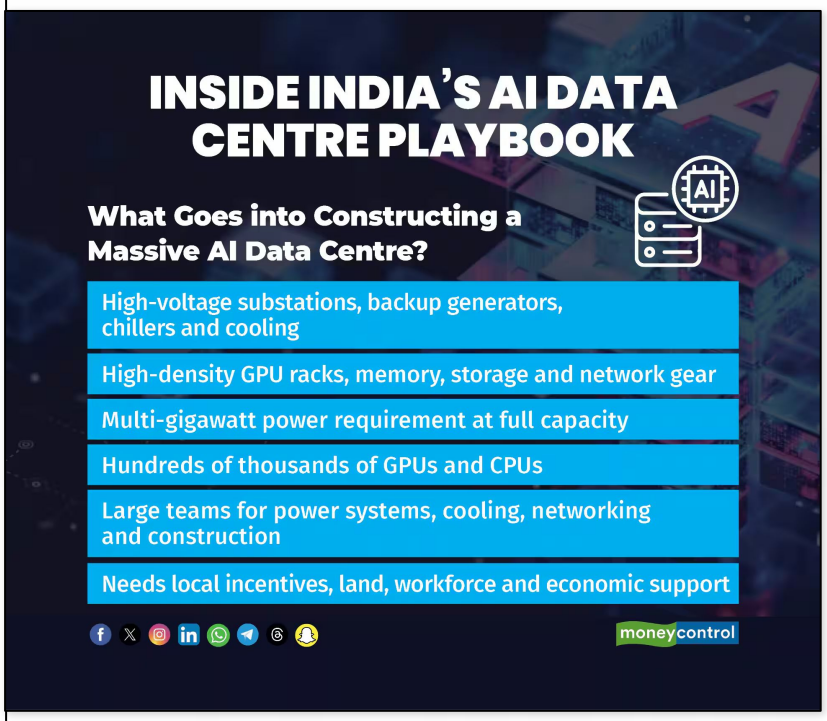
The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Mind the data centre trap

CONTEXT: A large investment is not the same thing as large domestic economic value creation.

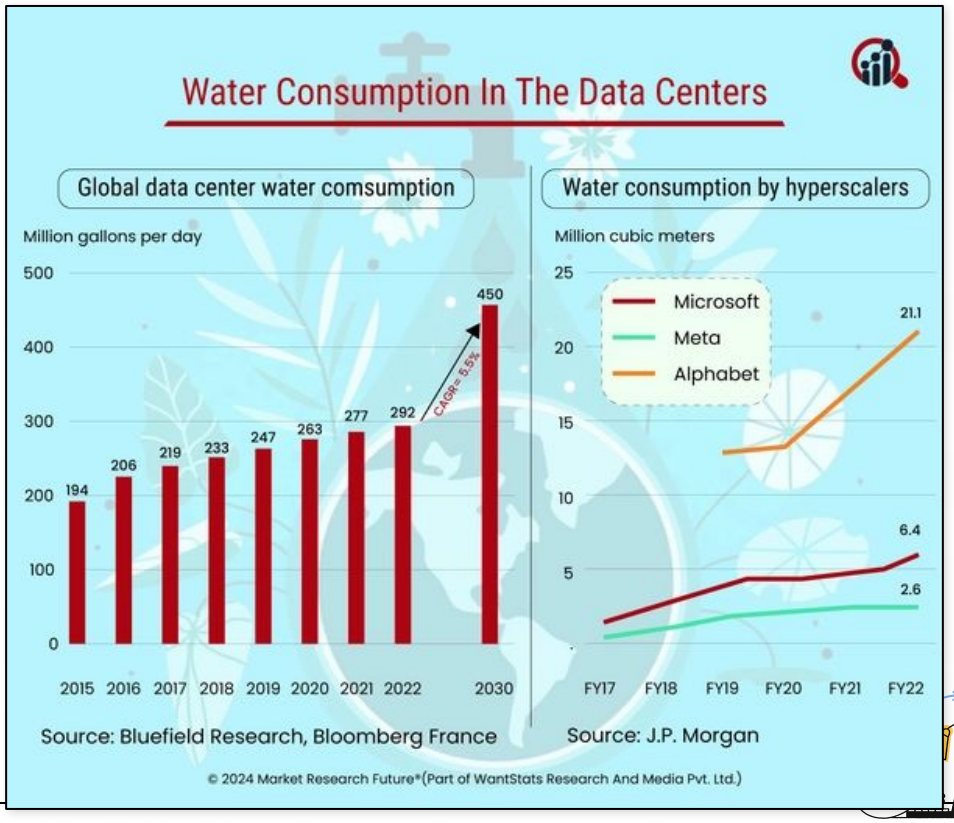
The balance-of-payments paradox



- **Imported chips + servers** (70%)
- **Equipment replacement** (20%)
- **Profit repatriation**
- **Tech patents**

Other issues with AI Data Centres

- **Electricity @1.5%** of global dd
- **Water**
- **Land**
- **infrastructure**



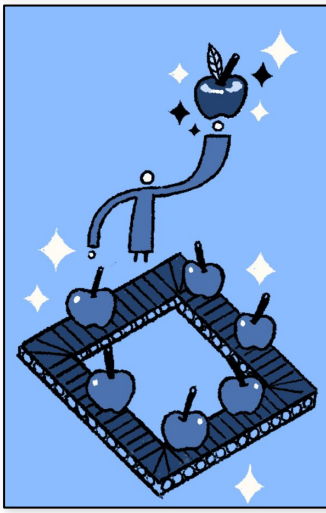
The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Mind the data centre trap

CONTEXT: A large investment is not the same thing as large domestic economic value creation.

Should India "import computing power" instead?



Comparative Advantage

[kəm'per-ə-tiv əd-van-tij]

The ability of an economy to produce a given good or service in a more efficient and economically competitive manner than its peers.

Sovereign AI *refers broadly to a* ***country's ability*** *to* ***develop***, ***operate*** *and* ***govern*** *AI systems in accordance with its* ***own national interests***, ***capabilities***, ***laws*** *and* ***security*** *requirements.*

- ***Data sovereignty***
- ***Latency***
- ***Cybersecurity***
- ***Strategic autonomy***

So what should India actually do?

- **Types of data-centre investments**
- **Conditional incentives**
- **Domestic technology ecosystem**
- **Invest in human capital**
- **Environmental costs**
- **National AI strategy**

The AI technology stack

5. Applications and adoption
AI in agriculture, banking, healthcare, education, governance and industry

↑↓

4. AI models
Foundation models, large language models and specialised models

↑↓

3. Compute infrastructure
Data centres, cloud platforms, GPU clusters and high-performance computing

↑↓

2. Hardware and systems
Servers, networking, memory, cooling, power systems and electronic components

↑↓

1. Semiconductor technology
Advanced chips, chip design, fabrication, packaging and critical materials

Illustrative simplification: the AI ecosystem has many interdependent layers, not a strictly linear production chain.

The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Mind the data centre trap

CONTEXT: A large investment is not the same thing as large domestic economic value creation.

Mains Practise Question

Large-scale investments in emerging technologies do not necessarily translate into commensurate employment generation or domestic value addition. Examine this assertion in the context of India's growing ambition to become a global hub for artificial intelligence and data centres.

(15 Marks, 250 words)

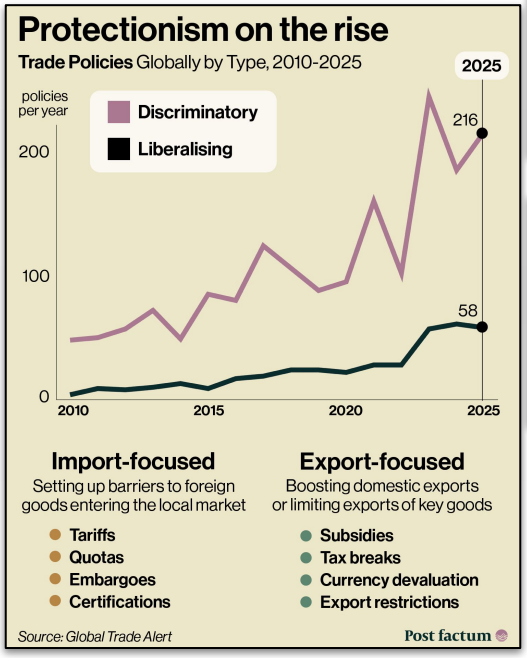


The Analyst Handout
26th November 2026

Mains Value Addition

Newspaper: The Hindu/ The Indian Express **Page Number :** 01

U.S. unveils 25% tariff on India for 'harmful trade'



Why Global Protectionism Is Rising

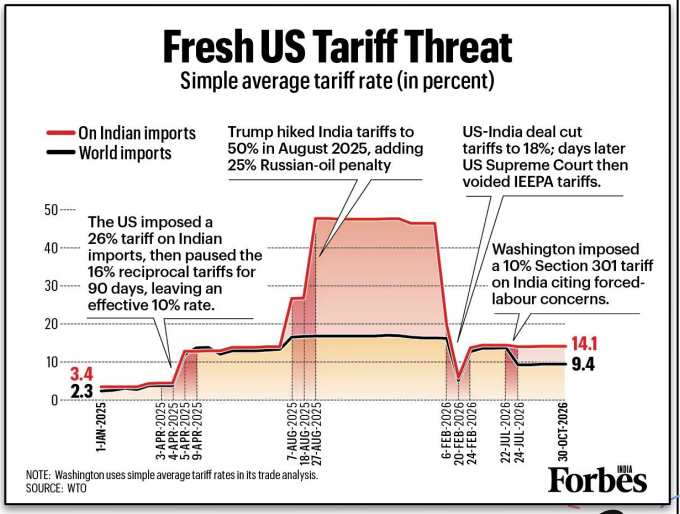
Supply Chain Security
("Friend-shoring")
Industrial Subsidies
Weakened WTO

Domestic Politics
+
Trade Deficits



Breakdown of the U.S. 25% Tariff on India

Standard Proposed Rate	**25%** on Indian goods—the 2nd -highest among the 14 targeted economies (behind only Vietnam at 35%).
Reduced "Deal Rate"	**17%** if India and the U.S. finalize their pending **Agreement on Reciprocal Trade**.
Stacking & Exemptions	Does **not** stack on top of the existing 10% "forced labour" tariff Oil/gas, critical minerals, fertilizers, and certain pharma/semiconductors exempt.
Timeline	Not immediate. Public comments close **January 5, 2027**, and USTR public hearings begin **January 25, 2027**.



The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Mains Value Addition

Newspaper: The Hindu/ The Indian Express **Page Number :** 01

India's optimal path is a two-track strategy

Immediate Diplomatic & Trade Actions

- ***Finalize the India–U.S. Agreement on Reciprocal Trade***
- ***Offer Targeted, Low-Risk Concessions***
- ***Contest "Excess Capacity" Data Formally***

Market Diversification

- ***Fast-Track Pending FTAs***
- ***Expand in the Global South***
- ***Leverage Services Exports***
- ***Rationalize Input Tariffs***
- ***Boost Logistics***
- ***Shift from Subsidies to R&D***

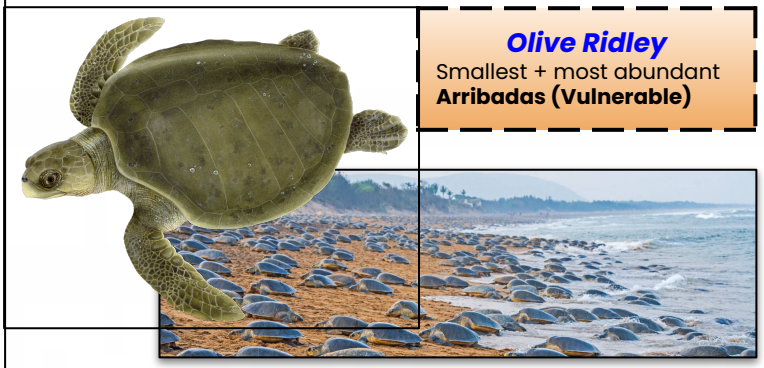


The Analyst Handout
26th November 2026

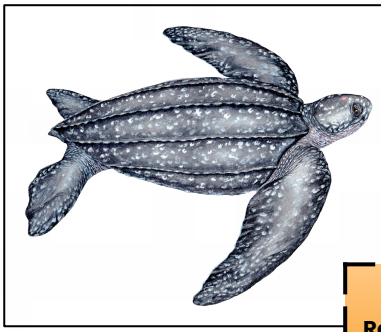
Great Nicobar project & Olive Ridley turtles

SYLLABUS : GS3: Infrastructure **Prelims:** Mapping, Flora and Fauna
Newspaper: The Hindu / The Indian Express **Page Number :** 12/ 08

Marine Turtles and Nesting Dynamics

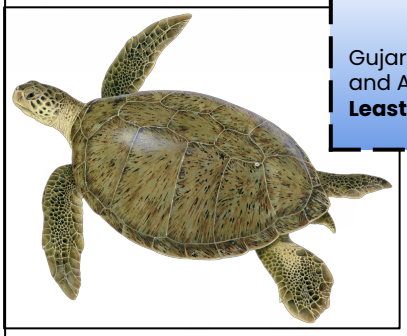


Olive Ridley
Smallest + most abundant
Arribadas (Vulnerable)

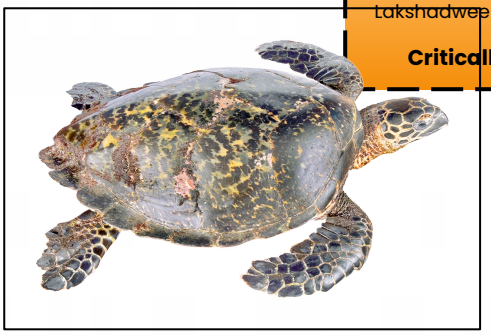


Leatherback
Largest living sea turtle
~500kg
Andaman and Nicobar Islands
Vulnerable

Hawksbill
Reef-associated turtles
Andaman and Nicobar Islands + Lakshadweep + Gulf of Mannar + TN
Critically endangered



Green Turtle
Gujarat's coastline, Lakshadweep and Andaman and Nicobar
Least Concern



Key Findings of the WII Assessment

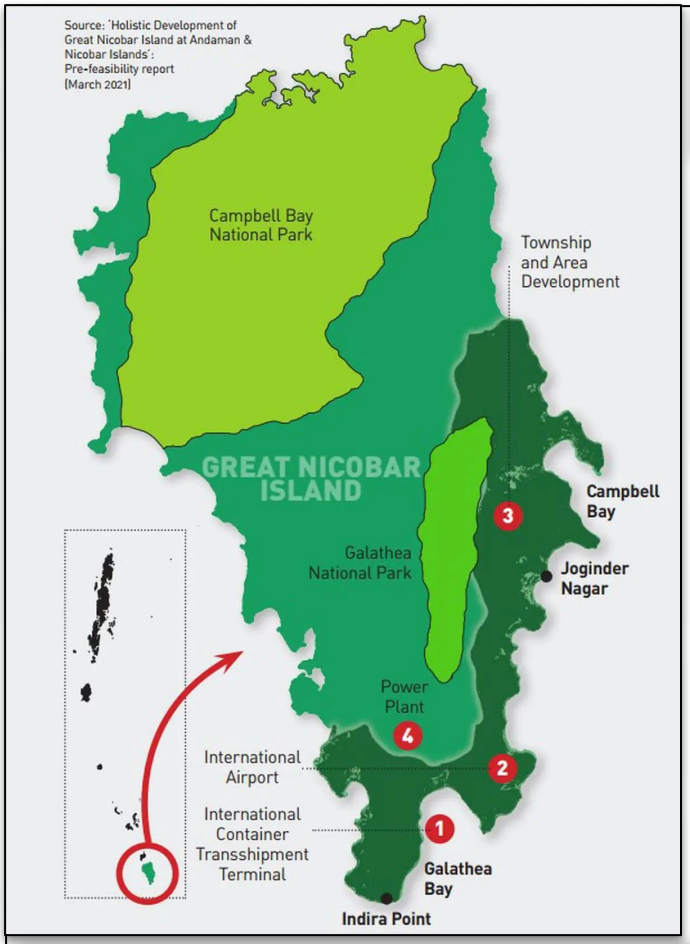
The WII study assessed **360 beach stretches** spanning over **1,300 km of coastline** between December 2022 - May 2025 across *Gujarat, Maharashtra, Karnataka, Kerala, Lakshadweep, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, Odisha, West Bengal, and the Andaman and Nicobar Islands*.

Geographic Reach	*Olive Ridleys nested on at least 300 of the 360 surveyed beach stretches.*
Peak Solitary Nest Count	***18,713 solitary nests*** *recorded across mainland beaches during the 2024–25 season.*
Mainland Breeding Population	*Approximately* ***8,000 solitary-nesting female Olive Ridleys*** *active in 2024–25 (calculated by dividing total nests by the 2.5 average clutch rate).*
Species Hierarchy	***Olive Ridley*** *is the most widespread, followed by Leatherbacks (island-restricted), Green turtles (mainly Gujarat/islands), and Hawksbills.*
Galathea Bay	*Highest count for any single hatchery in India;* ***889*** *Leatherback and* ***108*** *Olive Ridley nests at the site* ***(November 2025 - March 2026)***

The Analyst Handout
26th November 2026

Great Nicobar project & Olive Ridley turtles

SYLLABUS : GS3: Infrastructure **Prelims:** Mapping, Flora and Fauna
Newspaper: The Hindu / The Indian Express **Page Number :** 12/ 08



The Great Nicobar Infrastructure Project

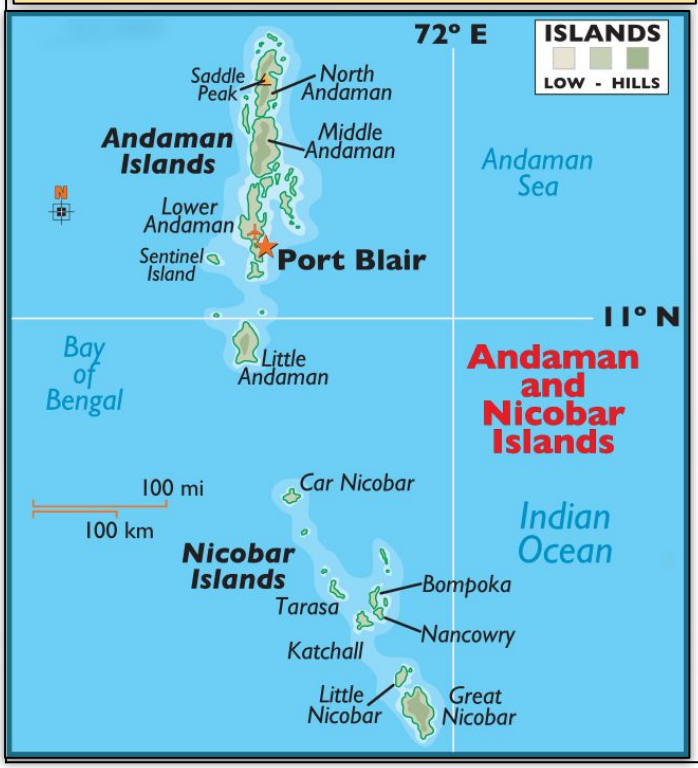
Implementing Agency: A&NI Integrated Development Corporation

Estimated Cost: Escalated from ₹72,000 Cr to **₹92,000 Cr** (2026)

Mega Project: Blueprint

Transhipment Port	Located at **Galathea Bay**. ***AIM***: Rival Colombo/Hong Kong, Singapore
Int'l Airport	**Dual-use** (Civilian + Defence)
Power Plant	**Gas/Solar** based *(originally: coal)*
Township	**To house** ~3.5 lakh people Current population: ~8,000

Geography



Mapping related aspects

836 islands *(31 inhabited)*

Closer to **Chennai**/ **Kolkata**?

Significance

Maritime borders *(Indo, Myn, Thai)*

95% is **tropical rainforest**

Sundaland Biodiversity Hotspot



The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Great Nicobar project & Olive Ridley turtles

SYLLABUS : GS3: Infrastructure **Prelims:** Mapping, Flora and Fauna
Newspaper: The Hindu / The Indian Express **Page Number :** 12/ 08

UPSC PYQ (P) 2018

Consider the following statements:

1. The Barren Island volcano is an ***active*** volcano located in the Indian territory.
2. Barren Island lies about 140 km east of Great Nicobar.
3. The ***last time*** the Barren Island volcano erupted was in 1991 and it has remained inactive since then.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

a. 1 only
b. 2 and 3
c. 3 only
d. 1 and 3

UPSC PYQ (P) 2017

Which of the following is geographically closest to Great Nicobar?

(a) Sumatra
(b) Borneo
(c) Java
(d) Sri Lanka



The Analyst Handout
26th November 2026

8th Schedule of the Constitution

SYLLABUS : Features of Indian Constitution **Prelims:** 8th Schedule
Newspaper: The Hindu **Page Number :** 03

Scheduled Languages in India

Prelims Pointers

- ***Article 344(1)***
- ***Article 351***
- ***Official Languages Act, 1963***

Benefits of Inclusion

- *Parl Translation*
- *Competitive Exams*
- *Sahitya Akademi*
- *Central Funding*
- *Official Language Commission*

ORIGINAL LIST · 1950 — Constituent Assembly
14 languages at the start
Hindi | Bengali | Tamil | Telugu
Marathi | Gujarati | Kannada | Malayalam
Odia | Punjabi | Assamese | Kashmiri
Sanskrit | Urdu

21ST AMENDMENT · 1967 — Post-Partition recognition
+1 language — 15 total
Sindhi
No state base

71ST AMENDMENT · 1992 — Goa · Manipuri · Indian Nepali
+3 languages — 18 total
Konkani | Manipuri | Nepali

92ND AMENDMENT · 2003 · LATEST EXPANSION — 23 years & counting since
+4 languages — 22 total
Bodo | Dogri | Maithili | Santhali

Other aspects & Pending Demands

- **English** is NOT Included
- **India Has No National Language**
  - Article 343(1)
- **No Fixed Inclusion Criteria**
  - Ashok Pahwa Committee (1996)
  - Sitakant Mohapatra Committee (2003)

Pending Demands

Bhojpuri, Rajasthani, Tulu, Kodava, Kokborok, Garhwali, Kumaoni, Chhattisgarhi, Gondi, Ho, Mundari, and ***Rajbanshi***

Rajbongshis are the biggest Dalit community in West Bengal?



They constitute 18% of the Scheduled Caste population in West Bengal.

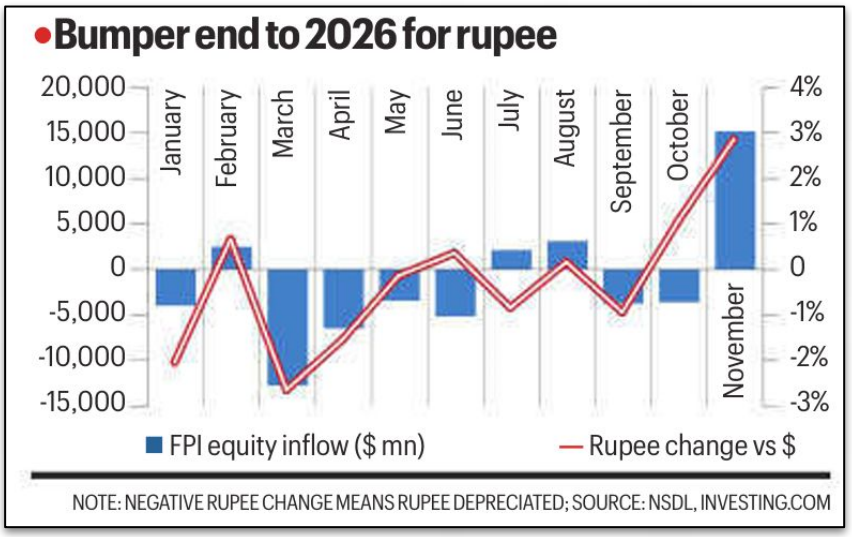
The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Turnaround in Rupee's value Lowest Net FDI in 15 years

SYLLABUS : Investments, Open Economy **Prelims:** Economic terms in news
Newspaper: The Hindu / The Indian Express **Page Number : 13;1 /13**

The Indian rupee has staged a nearly 5% recovery



THE RUPEE has staged a remarkable turnaround in the last six weeks, touching an eight-month high of 92.18-per-dollar intraday on Wednesday, on the back of the Reserve Bank of India's (RBI) clampdown on bets against the rupee and the return of foreign investors to the domestic stock market in huge numbers.

The Indian rupee has staged a nearly 5% recovery

4 Drivers Behind Turnaround

Record Foreign Inflows
₹1.17 lakh crore (~$12–$14 bn)
Volatile AI-heavy tech stocks
Indian large-caps + GSecs

Crude Oil Prices
Below $90 per barrel

Targeted RBI Interventions

Exporter Selling

Nim, Senior Economist at ANZ, noting that it is "heavily under policy influence", including the RBI directly supplying dollars to oil marketing companies — and thus removing their demand from the open market — to the tune of $500 million a day.

RBI's October 10 emergency measures was the introduction of a 20% Foreign Exchange Risk Reserve (FERR) for rupee contracts of over $2 million.

While this may seem counterintuitive — those at risk from a falling rupee, such as importers, should be able to protect themselves by 'hedging' their foreign currency exposure – the

The Analyst Handout

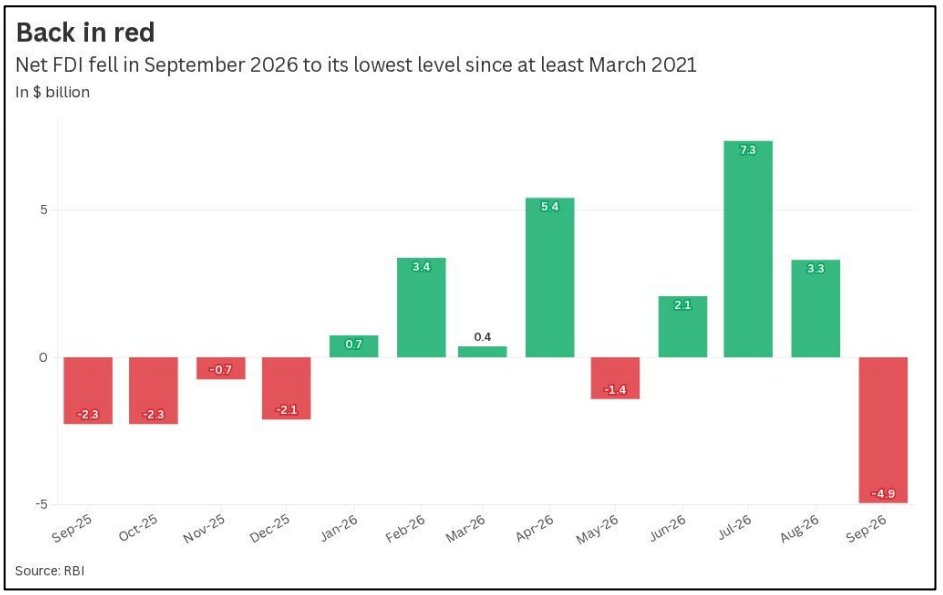
26th November 2026

Turnaround in Rupee's value Lowest Net FDI in 15 years

SYLLABUS : Investments, Open Economy **Prelims:** Economic terms in news
Newspaper: The Hindu / The Indian Express **Page Number : 13;1 /13**

How Net FDI Is Calculated

Net FDI = Gross Inflows − (Repatriation/Disinvestment + Outward FDI)



Net FDI in Sept $4.9 bn, lowest in over 15 years

New Delhi: India saw net FDI outflows of $4.9 billion in September, the worst showing on record as per RBI data going back till March 2011.

This was due to gross inflows slumping to $5.9 billion, while repatriations and FDI by Indian companies surged to a combined $10.9 billion, the second-highest ever. ENS

3 Core Drivers Behind the Drop

Component	Aug 2026	Sept 2026	Change *(MoM)*	YoY Comparison
1. Gross FDI Inflows	$11.08 billion	**$5.91 billion**	**-46.6%**	**-17.6% vs. Sep 2025**
2. Repatriation & Disinvestment	$5.84 billion	**$6.45 billion**	**+10.5%**	**+36.7% vs. Sep 2025**
3. Outward FDI by Indian Firms	$1.93 billion	**$4.41 billion**	**+128.3%**	-6.8% vs. Sep 2025
Total Outflows (2 + 3)	$7.77 billion	**$10.86 billion**	**+39.8%**	+15.0% vs. Sep 2025
Net FDI (1 – Total Outflows)	**+$3.30 billion**	**-$4.95 billion**	**-$8.25 billion**	-$2.27 billion in Sep 2025

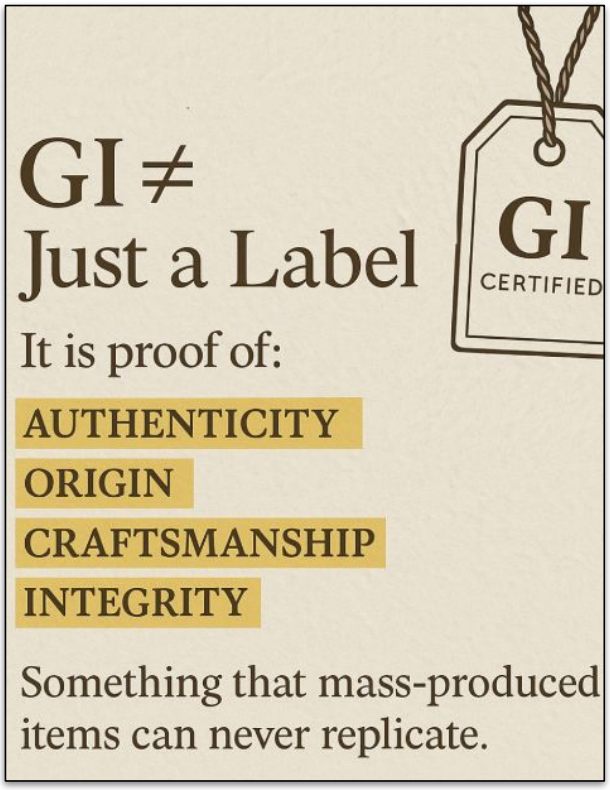


The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

GI tag battle for Hapus

SYLLABUS : GS I - Art & Culture **Prelims:** Intellectual Property Rights
Newspaper: The Indian Express **Page Number :** 12



What is a GI Tag?

01 ***Form of Intellectual Property Right***

02 **Geographical Indications of Goods *(Registration and Protection)* Act, 1999**

03 ***Validity*: 10 years *(renewable)***

04 ***Nodal Agency*: DPIIT, MoC&I**
***Headquarters*: Chennai**

GI Dispute: *Alphonso mangoes*

RECENT 10 GI TAGS OF INDIA (2025-26)

S. No.	GI TAG (LOCATION)	KEY FEATURES
1.	Sitahi Kutki (Madhya Pradesh)	– Tribal millet from Dindori district. – GI tag awarded in 2026.
2.	Nagdaman Kutki (Madhya Pradesh)	– Indigenous tribal millet. – GI tag awarded in 2026.
3.	Baigani Arhar (Madhya Pradesh)	– Traditional pigeon pea variety. – GI tag awarded in 2026.
4.	Mahakoshal Chhatriya Chawal (Madhya Pradesh)	– Traditional rice from Jabalpur-Katni region. – GI tag awarded in 2026.
5.	Nolen Gur (West Bengal)	– Date palm jaggery. – GI tag awarded in 2026.
6.	Sitalpati (West Bengal)	– Traditional cooling mat made of date palm leaves. – GI tag awarded in 2026.
7.	Khurasani Imli (Mandu, Madhya Pradesh)	– Fruit of the historic baobab trees of Mandu. – GI tag awarded in 2026.
8.	Assamese Jewellery (Assam)	– Traditional handcrafted jewellery of Assam. – GI tag awarded in 2026.
9.	Five New GI Products (Tamil Nadu)	– Tamil Nadu added five new GI registrations in 2026. – Includes traditional crafts & products.
10.	Andrographis paniculata (Himachal Pradesh)	– Medicinal herb 'Kalmegh'. – GI tag awarded in 2025.



Ratnagiri, Sindhudurg, Raigad, Thane, and Palghar

CRORES AT STAKE

- Konkan Hapus earns around Rs 200 cr in the domestic market and Rs 80 cr in exports.
- Growers fear that a second GI using the same name could weaken the premium associated with their produce.



The Analyst Handout

26th November 2026

Daily Quiz

Q1. With reference to the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, consider the following statements:

1. The Eleven Degree Channel separates the Andaman group of islands from the Nicobar group.
2. The proposed port at Galathea Bay aims to reduce India's dependence on foreign ports for container transhipment.
3. The Nicobar Islands form part of the Sundaland biodiversity hotspot.

How many of the statements given above is/are correct?

a) Only one
b) Only two
c) All three
d) None

Answer: b

Q2. With reference to the Eighth Schedule of the Indian Constitution, consider the following statements:

1. A language need not have a distinct State base to qualify for inclusion in the Eighth Schedule.
2. The Constitution prescribes specific criteria for the inclusion of languages in the Eighth Schedule.
3. The use of a language for the official purposes of the Union does not necessarily require its inclusion in the Eighth Schedule.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

a) 1 and 2 only
b) 2 and 3 only
c) 1 and 3 only
d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: c

Q3. With reference to Net Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), consider the following statements:

1. A rise in gross FDI inflows necessarily leads to an increase in net FDI.
2. Net FDI is calculated by deducting repatriation of foreign investments from gross FDI inflows, without accounting for outward FDI.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

a) 1 only
b) 2 only
c) Both 1 and 2
d) Neither 1 nor 2

Answer: d

Q4. With reference to Geographical Indications (GI) in India, consider the following statements:

1. A GI tag is a form of intellectual property right that protects a product's identity linked to its geographical origin.
2. GI protection is restricted to goods whose distinctive characteristics arise from natural rather than human factors.
3. GI registration protects for a specified period and can be renewed upon expiry.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

a) 1 and 2 only
b) 2 and 3 only
c) 1 and 3 only
d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: c

Q5. With reference to marine turtles found in India, consider the following statements:

1. The Leatherback turtle, classified as Vulnerable, is found in the Andaman and Nicobar Islands.
2. The Hawksbill turtle, classified as Critically Endangered, is associated with coral reef ecosystems.
3. The Green turtle, found along the Gujarat coastline and in Lakshadweep, is classified as Vulnerable.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

a) 1 and 2 only
b) 2 and 3 only
c) 1 and 3 only
d) 1, 2 and 3

Answer: a





VAJIRAM & RAVI

Institute for IAS Examination

A unit of Vajiram & Ravi IAS Study Centre LLP

9-B, Bada Bazar Marg, Old Rajinder Nagar,
New Delhi - 110060 • Ph.: 41007400, 41007500

New No. 62, P Block, 6th Avenue, Anna Nagar,
Chennai - 600040 • Ph.: 044-4330-2121
Visit us at : www.vajiramandravi.com